B9C (Official Form 9C) (Chapter 7 Individual or Joint Debtor Asset Case) (12/12)

Case Number 11-10888

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

District of Maryland

Notice of Chapter 7 Bankruptcy Case, Meeting of Creditors, & Deadlines

A bankruptcy case concerning the debtor(s) listed below was originally filed under chapter 13 on 1/17/11 and was converted to a case under chapter 7 on 3/12/13.

You may be a creditor of the debtor. **This notice lists important deadlines.** You may want to consult an attorney to protect your rights. All documents filed in the case may be inspected at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed below.

NOTE: The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice.

Creditors — Do not file this notice in connection with any proof of claim you submit to the court. *** See Reverse Side For Important Explanations and Possible Dismissal ***

Debtor(s) (name(s) used by the debtor(s) in the last 8 years, including married, maiden, trade, and address):

Jodi L. Kowalczyk

aka Jodi Kowalczyk, aka Jodi Lynn Kowalczyk, fka Jodi Lynn

Cotingame

3930 Littlestown Pke.

Westminster, MD 21158-1541

Case Number: 11–10888 RAG	Social Security / Individual Taxpayer ID / Employer Tax ID / Other nos: xxx-xx-7110
Attorney for Debtor(s) (name and address): Edward M. Miller Miller and Miller, LLP 202 E. Main St., 1st Floor Westminster, MD 21157 Telephone number: (410) 751–5444	Bankruptcy Trustee (name and address): Richard M. Kremen DLA Piper LLP (US) The Marbury Building 6225 Smith Avenue Baltimore, MD 21209–3600 Telephone number: (410) 580–4494

Meeting of Creditors

Date: April 17, 2013 Time: 12:00 PM

Location: 101 W. Lombard Street, Garmatz Courthouse, 2nd Fl., #2650, Baltimore, MD 21201

Presumption of Abuse under 11 U.S.C. § 707(b)

See "Presumption of Abuse" on reverse side.

The presumption of abuse does not arise.

Deadlines:

Papers must be *received* by the bankruptcy clerk's office by the following deadlines:

Deadline to Object to Debtor's Discharge or to Challenge Dischargeability of Certain Debts: 6/17/13

Deadline to Object to Exemptions: Thirty (30) days after the *conclusion* of the meeting of creditors.

Deadline to File a Proof of Claim: For all creditors (except a governmental unit): 7/16/13 For a governmental unit: 9/9/13

Creditors May Not Take Certain Actions:

In most instances, the filing of the bankruptcy case automatically stays certain collection and other actions against the debtor and the debtor's property. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtor can request the court to extend or impose a stay. If you attempt to collect a debt or take other action in violation of the Bankruptcy Code, you may be penalized. Consult a lawyer to determine your rights in this case.

All claims actually filed by a creditor *before conversion of the case are* deemed filed in the Chapter 7 case. You need not re—file your proof of claim.

Creditor with a Foreign Address:

A creditor to whom this notice is sent at a foreign address should read the information under "Claims" on the reverse side.

	For the Court: Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court: Mark D. Sammons
Visit www.mdb.uscourts.gov for court hours	Date: 3/12/13

	EXPLANATIONS	B9C (Official Form 9C) (12/12)		
Filing of Chapter 7 Bankruptcy Case	A bankruptcy case under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code (title 11, United States Code) has been filed in this court by or against the debtor(s) listed on the front side, and an order for relief has been entered.			
Possible Dismissal	Debtor's failure to comply with the filing requirements of the Bankruptcy Code § 521(a)(1) within 45 days of the filing of the petition will result in the automatic dismissal of this case pursuant to § 521(i)(1).			
Legal Advice	The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. Consult a lawyer to determine your rights in this case. For free legal advice, visit http://www.mdb.uscourts.gov/ and click on Don't Have an Attorney.			
Creditors Generally May Not Take Certain Actions	Prohibited collection actions are listed in Bankruptcy Code § 362. Common examples of prohibited actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail or otherwise to demand repayment; taking actions to collect money or obtain property from the debtor; repossessing the debtor's property; starting or continuing lawsuits or foreclosures; and garnishing or deducting from the debtor's wages. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtor can request the court to extend or impose a stay.			
Meeting of Creditors	neeting of creditors is scheduled for the date, time and location listed on the front side. <i>The debtor (both spouses joint case) must be present at the meeting to be questioned under oath by the trustee and by creditors.</i> Creditors welcome to attend, but are not required to do so. The meeting may be continued and concluded at a later date cified in a notice filed with the court.			
Claims	A Proof of Claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim. A Proof of Claim may be filed electronically from the court's web site at http://www.mdb.uscourts.gov/content/electronic-filing-claims . A Proof of Claim form ("Official Form B 10") can be obtained at the United States Courts Web site: http://www.uscourts.gov/FormsAndFees/Forms/BankruptcyForms.aspx or at any bankruptcy clerk's office. A secured creditor retains rights in its collateral regardless of whether that creditor files a Proof of Claim. If you do not file a Proof of Claim by the "Deadline to file a Proof of Claim" listed on the front side, you might not be paid any money on your claim from other assets in the bankruptcy case. To be paid you must file a Proof of Claim even if your claim is listed in the schedules filed by the debtor. Filing a Proof of Claim submits the creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court, with consequences a lawyer can explain. For example, a secured creditor who files a Proof of Claim may surrender important nonmonetary rights, including the right to a jury trial. Filing Deadline for a Creditor with a Foreign Address: The deadlines for filing claims set forth on the front of this notice apply to all creditors. If this notice has been mailed to a creditor at a foreign address, the creditor may file a motion requesting the court to extend the deadline. Do not include this notice with any filing you make with the court.			
Discharge of Debts	11 21			
Exempt Property The debtor is permitted by law to keep certain property as exempt. Exempt property w to creditors. The debtor must file a list of all property claimed as exempt. You may ins bankruptcy clerk's office. If you believe that an exemption claimed by the debtor is not file an objection to that exemption. The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive the object to Exemptions" listed on the front side.		t. You may inspect that list at the ne debtor is not authorized by law, you may		
Presumption of Abuse	If the presumption of abuse arises, creditors may have the right to file a the Bankruptcy Code. The debtor may rebut the presumption by showing			
Bankruptcy Clerk's Office				
Liquidation of the Debtor's Property and Payment of Creditors' Claims	Property and If the trustee can collect enough money, creditors may be paid some or all of the debts owed to them, in the order			
Creditor with a Foreign Address				
	Refer to Other Side for Important Deadlines and Notices			